



(19)

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(11)

EP 0 787 992 A2

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
06.08.1997 Bulletin 1997/32

(51) Int Cl. 6: G01R 11/04

(21) Application number: 97400184.4

(22) Date of filing: 27.01.1997

(84) Designated Contracting States:
AT BE DE DK FI FR GB IT LU NL SE
Designated Extension States:
LT

(30) Priority: 30.01.1996 DE 29601526 U

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(54) Housing for an electricity meter

(57) Housing for an electronic electricity meter having a box-shaped base in which are arranged one or more circuit boards with circuit components and display elements together with a name plate, the printed circuit board or boards and name plate being arranged vertically with respect to each other in two or more horizontal planes and retained by latching means, characterised in that the uppermost printed circuit board or boards (3,

4) are retained on a plurality of supports (1.4) by means of elastically resilient latching elements (6, 6') formed on the meter base (1), the latching elements (6, 6') being provided with projections (6.3) on their faces, on which the name plate (5) can be placed as the uppermost plane, the name plate being provided with a plurality of apertures (5.1) whose pattern corresponds to the positions of the projections (6.3) when the printed circuit board has been latched in place.

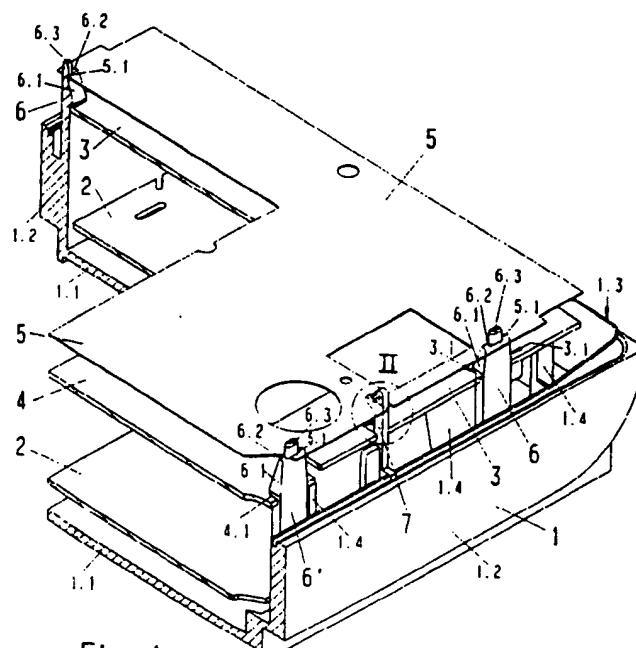


Fig. 1

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Description

This invention relates to a housing for an electronic electricity meter comprising a box-shaped base, in which are arranged various circuit modules of the electricity meter, in particular one or more printed circuit boards having circuit components and display elements together with a name plate, the printed circuit board or boards and the name plate being arranged vertically with respect to each other in two or more horizontal planes and retained by latching means.

Electricity meters with printed circuit boards retained within the housing by means of elastic flexible latching or snap-action hooks are known in the art. This type of meter construction has the advantage of being very easy to assemble rapidly. However, there exists the danger that the latching or snap-action hooks, in particular where longer lever arms are employed, can spring outwards or become twisted, as a result of which the printed circuits come loose. Consequently, arrangements of this kind are often sensitive to mechanical shocks.

This invention has the objective of providing a housing of the kind referred to above in such a form that the printed circuit boards, or at least those printed circuit boards in the upper plane, can be easily assembled and retained and securely fixed against mechanical shock, whilst at same enabling the centering of the name plate with respect to the meter display elements on the uppermost printed circuit board with low overall manufacturing costs.

This problem is solved by a housing having the characteristics of claim 1. Further embodiments and advantageous forms of the invention are stated in the sub-claims.

This invention has the advantage that the printed circuit board or boards of the first plane, mounted on relatively high supports and pre-centered by appropriately long and elastically flexible latching hooks, can be permanently secured in a vibration resistant manner. At the same time, retention according to the invention is achieved practically without additional components, in that the name plate takes over the function of securing the printed circuit boards. Furthermore, the name plate can be centered without problems and can be easily aligned with liquid crystal displays or drum registers provided on the printed circuit board or boards, as well as being latched with a simple manual operation.

A description of one embodiment of the invention, by way of example only, now follows with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which :

Fig. 1 shows the housing of an electronic electricity meter in a simplified section, and

Fig. 2 represents a detail of item "II" of Fig. 1 on a larger scale.

The electricity meter housing only partly shown in Fig. 1 comprises a box-shaped meter base 1 which accepts an electronic measuring arrangement and which is closed by means of a cover (not shown). The meter base 1 comprises a nearly flat rear plate 1.1 and surrounding side plates 1.2 and front plates 1.3.

Within the base 1, printed circuit boards 2, 3, 4 of the electricity meter are retained together with circuit components (not shown) and a name plate 5, the circuit boards and name plate being arranged respectively in planes above each other and securely retained. Whereas the printed circuit board 2 in the lower plane fits into fixing devices of the base plate directly via rear plate 1 and retained by means not shown, the printed circuit boards 3, 4 which lie above printed circuit board 2 are mounted on different shaped supporting domes 1.4. The circuit boards 3, 4 are displaced horizontally and, to a small degree, vertically with respect to each other. The supporting domes 1.4 are formed on base plate 1 in an accurate manner in available positional relationships, and project beyond side walls 1.2.

Two latching elements or hooks 6 are arranged approximately opposite each other engaging the circuit board 3, which extends from supporting dome to supporting dome, said latching elements being formed free-standing within base plate 1 on side plates 1.2 in a sufficiently elastic form so as to be capable of spring-type movement. The same applies to the other printed circuit board 4 in the upper plane, of which however only one latching element 6' is shown. Each latching element is provided with a peg 6.1 which engages from the outside over the edge of the associated printed circuit board, approximately in the center. The latching elements 6, 6' thus take over, by means of their latching pegs, the centering of the printed circuit boards as well as the locking function. For this purpose, the printed circuit boards have sideways cutouts 3.1, 4.1, which match the cross section of the latching elements, and the latching elements themselves are appreciably tapered upwards in the contact plane of the support domes 1.4. In this way, both printed circuit boards 3, 4 can be purposely latched from above into their respective end positions on the supporting domes 1.4 by means of the sideways sprung latching hooks 6, 6'.

The four latching hooks 6, 6' also provide, above their wedge-shaped pegs 6.1 extended support areas 6.2 for the metallic name plate 5 terminated in a pivot-shaped projections 6.3. These pass through matching cutouts 5.1 in the name plate 5, whose pattern corresponds exactly with the position of the latching elements for the inserted printed circuit boards 3, 4. In this manner, the name plate, after mounting on the projections 6.3, secures the latching elements 6, 6' as the top plane and against sideways movements (for example in the event of mechanical shock) and thereby also ensures firm retention of the printed circuit boards.

In order to retain the relatively thin and low-mass name plate 5, which is however of large area, each side

plate 1.2 has formed on it, between latching hooks 6, 6' a flexible snap hook 7 on base plate 1, as shown in a larger scale in Figure 2. The snap hook has a slit 7.1 matching the thickness of the name plate 5 and, above this, a sloping retention catch 7.2. Below this, a contact area 7.3 is formed at substantially the height of the support areas 6.2 of the adjacent latching elements. The flat but elastically flexible name plate is provided in the region of the snap hooks with matching sideways apertures or cutouts 5.2, and can therefore be centered by the retaining catches 7.2 with its cutouts 5.1 in correct position above extension 6.3. The name plate is then finally latched in the snap hooks 7 below their catches 7.2 by slight pressure in the region of snap hooks 7 under their catches 7.2. Here, the support areas 7.3 prevent the name plate from being bent too far in spite of manual pressure, the name plate then being locked into slit 7.1. However, the support areas 7.3 are preferably arranged to be slightly lower with respect to supports 6.2, in order to achieve an intentional tensioning of the name plate with a visually perfect appearance.

By this means, all components parts can be locked on to the base plate with the simplest of means, reliably and at low cost.

- 5 4. A housing as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3, characterised in that the snap hooks (7) are provided above their support areas (7.3) with a slit (7.1) corresponding to the thickness of the name plate (5).
- 10 5. A housing as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, characterised in that there are arranged two latching elements (6, 6'), on the side plates (1.2) of the meter base in opposing positions and in the plane of the printed circuits (2, 3, 4), each latching element (6, 6') being provided with extensions (6.3) and one snap hook (7) being arranged between each two latching elements (6, 6').

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Claims

1. Housing for an electronic electricity meter having a box-shaped base in which are arranged one or more circuit boards with circuit components and display elements together with a name plate, the printed circuit board or boards and name plate being arranged vertically with respect to each other in two or more horizontal planes and retained by latching means, characterised in that the uppermost printed circuit board or boards (3, 4) are retained on a plurality of supports (1.4) by means of elastically resilient latching elements (6, 6') formed on the meter base (1), the latching elements (6, 6') being provided with projections (6.3) on their faces, on which the name plate (5) can be placed as the uppermost plane, the name plate being provided with a plurality of apertures (5.1) whose pattern corresponds to the positions of the projections (6.3) when the printed circuit board has been latched in place.
2. A housing as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the latching elements (6, 6') are formed with support areas (6.2) for the name plate, the support areas extending horizontally below the projections (6.3).
3. A housing as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterised in that the name plate (5) is itself lockable by means of further snap hooks (7), which each have an additional support area (7.3) in the plane of the support areas (6, 2) formed on the latching elements

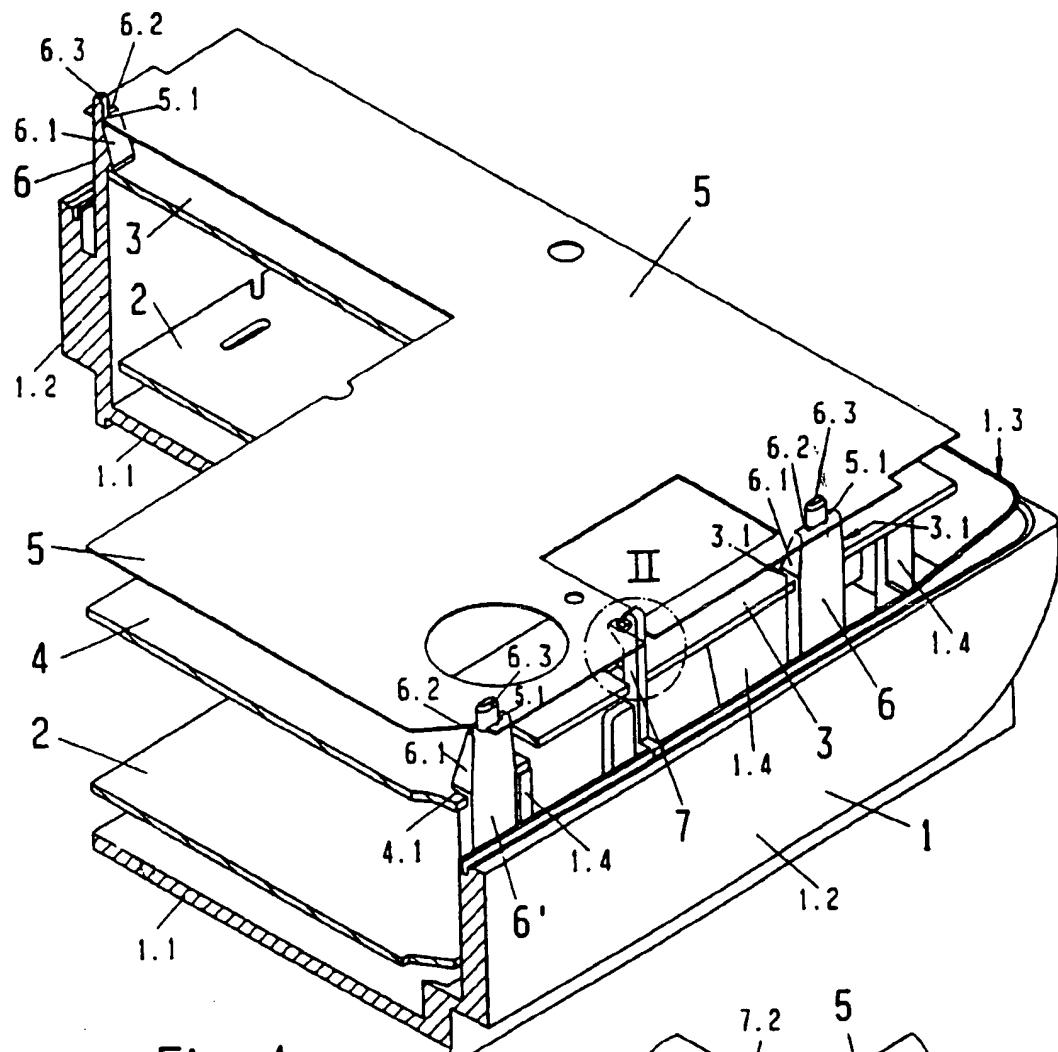


Fig. 1

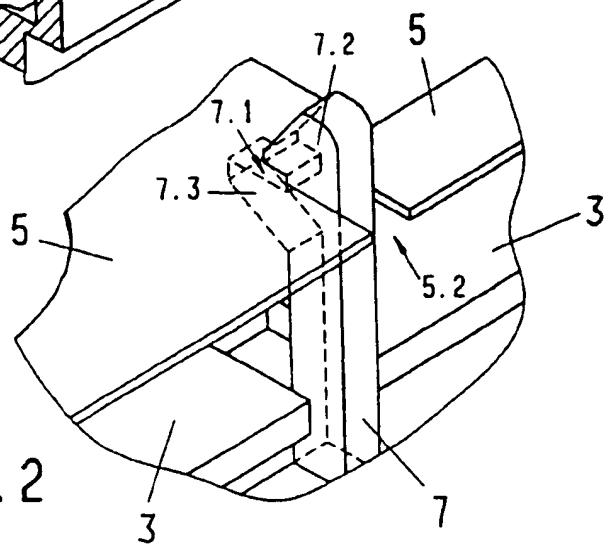


Fig. 2

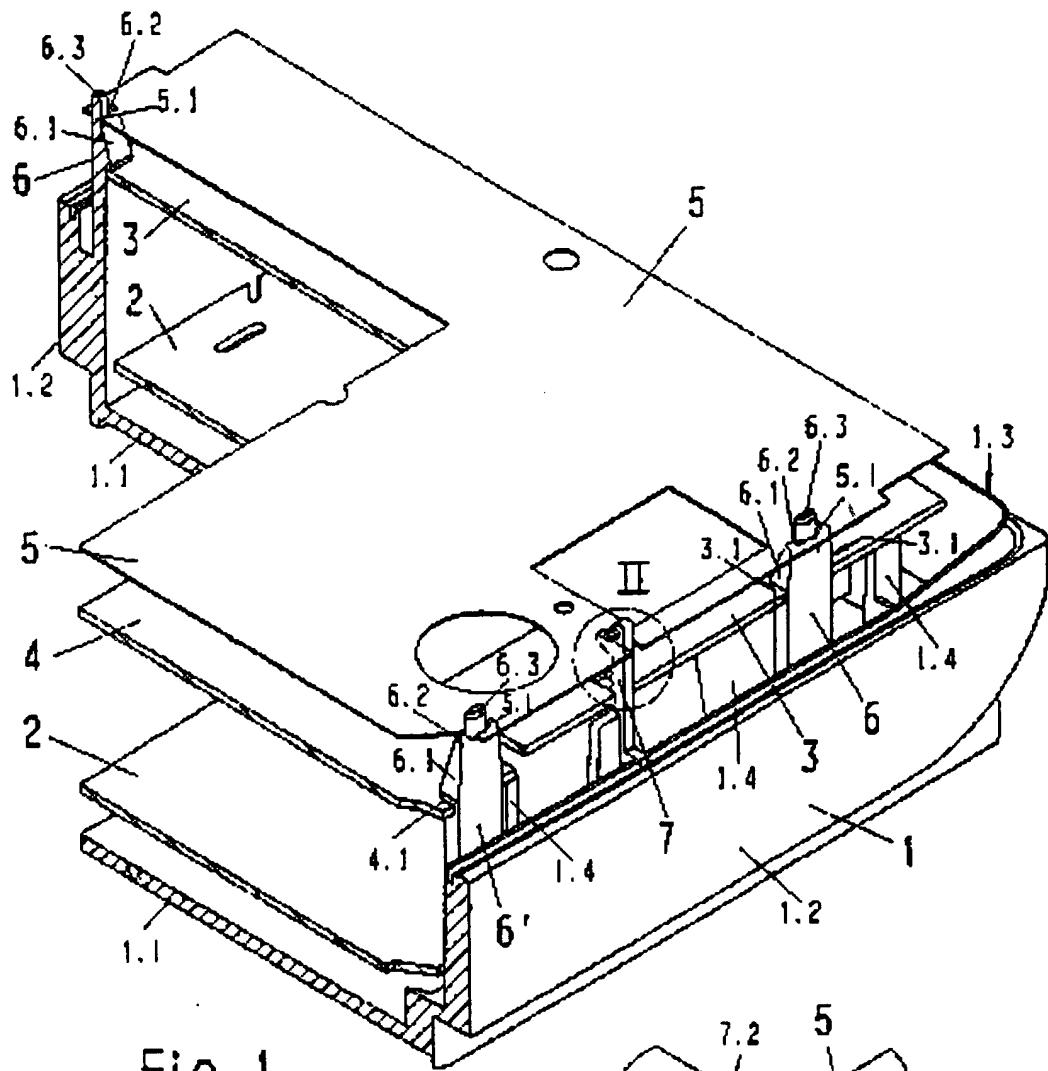


Fig. 1

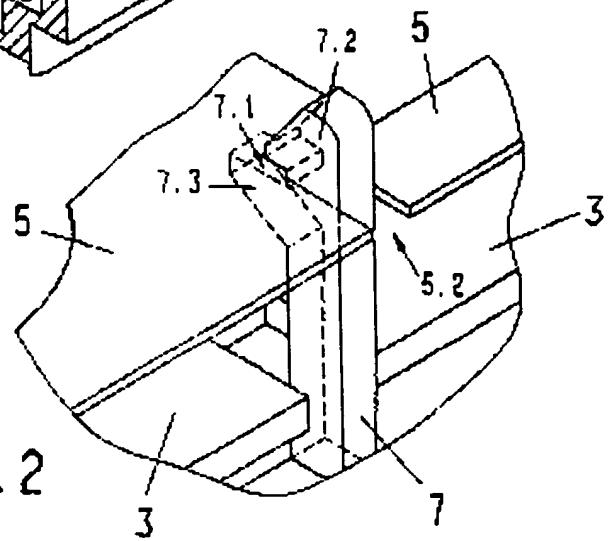


Fig. 2



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(11) EP 0 787 992 A3

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EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(88) Date of publication A3:
22.04.1998 Bulletin 1998/17

(51) Int Cl. 6: G01R 11/04

(43) Date of publication A2:
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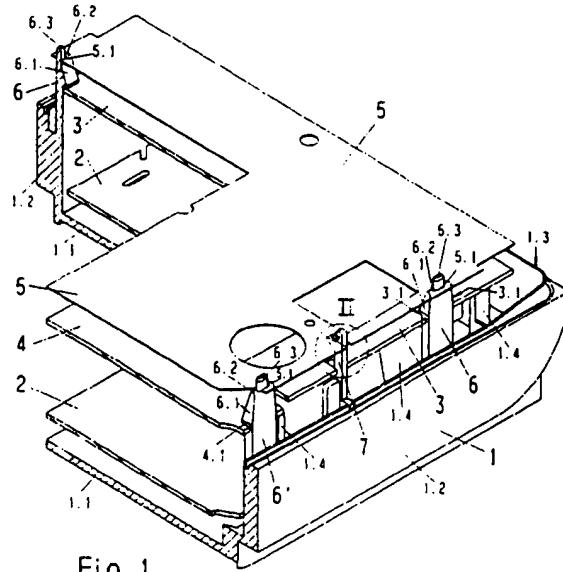


Fig. 1

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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 97 40 0184

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.)
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	
X	CH 684 215 A (LANDIS & GYR BUSINESS SUPPORT AG) * claim 1; figure 1 * -----	1-3	G01R11/04
A	DE 94 14 262 U (LANDIS M& GYR) * figure 2 * -----	1	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.)
			G01R
<p>The present search report has been drawn up for all claims</p>			
Place of search	Date of completion of the search	Examiner	
THE HAGUE	2 March 1998	Hoornaert, W	
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS		T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons A : member of the same patent family, corresponding document	
X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document			